

OBITUARY

FRANCIS A. BARTHOLOMEW.
The funeral of Francis A. Bartholomew who died on Saturday, was held from his late residence, 321 Benham avenue, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Rev. Richard L. Swain, pastor of the South Congregational church, officiated.

CHARLOTTE Y. WHITEHEAD.
The funeral of Charlotte Y. Whitehead, a former resident of this city whose death occurred in New York on Friday, was held from the home of her son, Paul Whitehead of South Main street, Stratford and from Christ Episcopal church at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Interment was in Stratford. Mrs. Whitehead was the widow of Henry Martin Whitehead of New York and was very well known in New York and this city as well as in New York. She resided for many years at the head of Elm street, Stratford. She was the mother of a large family of children. Many old friends attended the services.

THOMAS J. HEERY.
The funeral of Thomas J. Heery was largely attended from the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Heery of 119 Austin street, at 2 o'clock this morning from Sacred Heart church, where a solemn high mass was sung at 9 o'clock by Rev. Richard Moore, assisted by Rev. Father Judge as deacon and Rev. Father Mooney as altar server. At the offertory, Mrs. J. E. Cassey and Mrs. J. J. Witterwell sang "Veni Jesu" and after the mass, Cassey sang "I thank thee, O Lord, for thou hast not forsaken me." The body was being carried from the church, Mrs. Witterwell and Mrs. Cassey sang "Thy Will Be Done." The carriers were Joseph White, Frank Burns, Joseph Cassey, Edward Waldon, John Norris and Henry Welch. Father Mooney read the committal service at St. Michael's cemetery.

JAMES TURNER.
Simplicity marked the funeral this afternoon of James Turner, one of the best known of the older residents of this city, whose death occurred Thursday night. Rev. H. D. Gallagher, pastor of the North Congregational church officiated at the services which were held at 2 o'clock from the home of the deceased, 724 Branigan avenue. There was an exceptionally large attendance of relatives and friends. The floral tributes were numerous and of great beauty. Interment was in Mountain Grove cemetery.

EMILY BRUNNER DIETZ.
The death of Emily B. Dietz occurred in Springfield, Mass., on Saturday, was received with deep regret in this city where she was a well known figure. She was a daughter of the late Rev. Casper Brunner, pastor of the German Reformed church for many years and was 57 years of age. Until her marriage two years ago she resided in this city where she at one time attended the Bridgeport High school. She was a very active member of the church of which her father was pastor and was for 12 years the secretary of the Young Ladies' Society of the church. She was also a Sunday school teacher and a member of the choir. She was musically inclined, possessing an attractive and well trained voice. Her pleasing personality had gained for her an unusually large circle of friends both within and without the church, surviving her besides her husband, are her mother, Mrs. Pauline Brunner, two sisters, Kluda, wife of Rev. John L. Chaffee, of Wisconsin, and Lela, wife of John Gallagher, of Maryland, and two brothers, Henry, who is in the U. S. C. A. Training school at Springfield, Mass., and Paul Brunner of this city.

Connecticut D. A. R. Members Win Chance To Buy Hallowed Land

Members of the D. A. R. of Connecticut won at an auction for patriotic purposes several days ago at the Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which is being held in Washington. There is friendly rivalry between D. A. R. chapters from various states to see which will buy the most ground, including Continental Hall. At a friendly contest, in which one promise out-rivalled the other for many minutes, the Connecticut delegation won when it was offered to buy 100 feet.

The Sing Sing prison baseball team won the second game of the season, defeating the team of P. K. Wilson & Co., lace importers of New York, by a score of 11 to 2.

DIED

LEE.—In New York city, April 25, 1915, James Lee, aged 47 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of Mrs. E. A. Lee, 430 East 10th street, on Wednesday, April 28, at 8:30 a. m., and from St. Patrick's church, at 9 a. m.

Interment at St. Michael's cemetery, U 26 b.

MCMYRE.—In this city, April 26th, 1915, at his home, No. 190 Grove street—William E. McMyre, 83p

DUBORD.—In this city, April 25, 1915, Adeline, wife of Arthur E. Dubord, aged 23 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 1567 Seaview ave., on Wednesday, April 28 at 8:15 a. m., and from St. Anthony's church at 9 a. m. Interment, St. Michael's cemetery, U 24 b.

PURDON.—In this city, April 24, 1915, Miss Ann Purdon. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her mother, Mrs. John Gallagher, 56 Frank St., on Tuesday, April 27, at 8:30 a. m., and from St. Patrick's church at 9 a. m., with solemn high mass. Interment St. Michael's cemetery, U 24 b.

FOR SALE.—Typewriter and parlor organ, Call 90 Butler ave. \$25 b/p

TO RENT.—Tenement; 6 rooms; improvements. Apply corner Barnum and Harriet streets. U 25 a/p

WANTED.—Young man to wrap clothing. Mrs. B. Hurley & Co., 1154 Main street. a

TO RENT.—6 rooms 1st floor, hot water heat, all improvements. 2 family house. 22 Sanford ave. 856 s/p

WANTED.—In an American family, 2 large rooms for light housekeeping, near Lakeview. George Wright, Oceanwanna Bldg., Co. Lakeview. U 26 b

NEWTOWN JUSTICE DEMANDS ARREST IN HALL ASSAULT

(Special to The Farmer)
Newtown, April 26.—After vainly waiting for the return of the warrants of arrest against John Thome and George Ballinger for the murder assault on E. J. Hall, the merchant plumber of Sandy Hook, upon which Ballinger was held last week for the superior court in bonds of \$1,000 and Thome released by proceedings not sanctioned by the court, Justice P. H. McCarthy, Saturday morning temporarily ordered Deputy Sheriff A. B. Blakeman to bring Thome before him or some other Justice of the peace for Fairfield county, or return the warrant to him as original Justice, to be executed by some other officer.

As soon as the sheriff got the warrant he appeared before Justice McCarthy and signified his willingness to re-arrest Thome and taking Constable Thomas Carlson with him, repaired at once to the Webber home on Mile Hill, where Thome is employed. Mrs. J. F. Webber, his employer, was highly indignant and scolded the officers for what she denominated an outrage, saying she would appear at the court hearing and prove an alibi for her hired man. Thome was taken to the court house where he was held in the office of Judge W. J. Beecher. Hall appeared and gave substantially the same evidence given by him against Ballinger and against Thome. The case of Ballinger would not say Thome was the man who struck him three times on the head until he was rendered unconscious, a little before 9 o'clock on that dark night at the door of his establishment. Questioned as to the motives for the deed, he knew of none, and supposed he had no enemy in the world although he had been told that Thome had threatened to kill him, but could assign no reason for such hatred.

When Mrs. Webber was put on the stand for the defense she stated that Thome came into the house the night in question between 8:30 and 9 o'clock and would not admit that she could be mistaken as to the exact time by any questioning of the judge or prosecutor, Judge Beecher. It looked like a discharge for Thome on the word of the lady, who had reluctantly stopped talking out in court, expressing many very unflattering remarks on the conduct of the case, until the judge called her sharply to order. Everybody was getting ready to hear the prosecutor ask for the discharge of the prisoner when a surprise was sprung. Martin Conger, who was employed by Hall, was the man who in all his company had warned his employer of the threat made by Thome about five weeks before, and told to be on the lookout for trouble. Thome had given him a lift on his wagon on his way home from work, and after discussing the story of the woman in the case, said to Conger, "You tell Hall I'll kill him if he interferes again."

That is as far as the justice inquired into the story of the threat and deeming it sufficient immediately found probable cause and bound the prisoner over to the superior court in bonds of \$1,000. But Thome will not keep company with Ballinger, for Mrs. Webber, although refusing at the first hearing to go bonds for either suspect, promptly came to the rescue and signed the bail bond.

The friends of Attorney Beecher deny the strictures placed upon his conduct of the case by Justice McCarthy in his signed statement in the local paper, Friday, and insist that the officers are to blame in not building up a proper case for presenting in court.

Secretary Daniels Announces Date For Naval Reserve Cruise

(Special to The Farmer.)
Washington, April 26.—Secretary Daniels has announced that the annual cruise of the Connecticut Naval reserves will take place from August 6 to August 28 on a battleship yet to be designated. The Connecticut Reserves will embark and disembark at New Haven. The New York Reserves will cruise from July 24 to August 4.

JITNEY PROMOTERS PLEADED WITH RETURNS

Officers of the Bridgeport jitney bus Co., Inc., to-day expressed themselves as well satisfied with their opening day's business. The business began operations yesterday and were well patronized.

STOVEPIPE FALLS AND FIRE ALARM RESULTS

A still alarm this morning called No. 3 engine crew to 740 State street. In the rear of Porter's market it was found that a painter had lighted a fire in a stove and the pipe had fallen down. No damage was done to property.

FARFELD PUBLIC HEARING FOR WARRENTE ON TAP TONIGHT

The rear of the car driven by Welton Hotchkiss was struck by another automobile in Bridgeport Saturday night and was slightly damaged. Marshall King was elected manager of the Boy Scouts' baseball team Saturday and Benjamin Wytzen was elected captain. While Mrs. Stephen Nagle was absent from her home, Saturday, one of the windows was entered by a thief and he stole \$5.

New York-Buenos Ayres Steamship Line Financed

New York, April 26.—The establishment of a new steamship line between New York and Buenos Ayres, financed by businessmen of Argentina and subsidized by the Argentine government, has been provided for according to Ricardo Coll, editor of the Buenos Ayres La Razon who reached New York to-day aboard the steamer Tennyson. Mr. Coll said the project would be discussed at the Pan-American financial conference to be held in Washington, May 24.

FUNERAL DESIGNS AND JOHN RECKERT SON

Roosevelt's Letters Tell G.O.P. Methods Of Passing Out Jobs

Continued from Page 1
not to make any open statement and I haven't the slightest intention of telling you what to do." You wrote to me requesting to see me and asking that I say nothing until I had seen you. I saw you. We went over the situation. I afterwards saw Benet and various others, including Sherman, and the situation as they related it was so totally different that I felt that I ought to tell you that this with other knowledge brought to me had me worry my mind as to what was the wise thing to do.

"F. S.—Of course I want the fullest and most open expression of preference at the primaries, that I stand heartily for what you, Fasset and the rest of the leaders finally do and have no intention of forcing the nomination or of trying to, but this unless you object, I should like as a good Republican and party man, and a staunch believer in you, to tell you my judgment for whatever it is worth." On September 15, Colonel Roosevelt wrote this letter to Mr. Barnes. "I am very glad you joined in making the nomination of Hughes unanimous. I think it was the wise and patriotic thing to do. After the election I shall want to see you in Washington and talk over matters with you."

On November 4, 1908, election day, Col. Roosevelt wrote this to Mr. Barnes from the White House: "Dear Mr. Barnes: Good for you. We are to be heartily congratulated on the whole business, national and state."

Replies by Mr. Barnes to some of the colonel's letters were also read to the jury.

The witness declared the letters to be authentic. When the letters had been read, Mr. Evans asked Col. Roosevelt about Taff's and Hughes' plurality in New York. He said Hughes' was small.

"Who was present at the conference in Oswego?" mentioned in the correspondence?

"At the first Mr. Parsons and Mr. Barnes were there. At the second Mr. Sherman, afterwards vice-president, was present."

"Did you regard it as any evidence of corruption that Messrs. Barnes, Hendricks and Parsons favored some other man than Mr. Hughes?"

"I can't answer that collectively."

Later, Col. Roosevelt answered in the affirmative when asked specifically about each of the men named.

Mr. Evans then told Justice Andrews he wished to put into evidence correspondence that passed between Col. Roosevelt and Col. Roosevelt between 1898 and 1905.

He identified a copy of a telegram dated September 11, 1898, sent to Lemuel E. Quigg and signed by himself. In it Col. Roosevelt told Mr. Quigg that he had substantially represented the true condition of affairs to Senator Platt.

This telegram was sent by the colonel after he had received the letter from Mr. Quigg which was put into evidence last week.

The attorneys for both sides looked over the packet of letters Mr. Evans produced. Counsel for Col. Roosevelt asked that the letters be put off until this afternoon. Mr. Evans replied, however, that if the letters were not put in, he record a that point, the order in which the cross-examination had been planned could not be adhered to.

When the letters were finally gone over they were received as exhibit No. 50 and the reading of them was begun. The first was dated Oct. 1, 1898, addressed to Senator Platt. In it, Col. Roosevelt said:

"I was misquoted. I never discriminated against any man because of his religion or his race."

In the second letter he said, "Can I see you Friday morning?"

The third was dated 1899 from Albany. In it Col. Roosevelt told Mr. Evans of a conference with Governor Black over the appointment of a judge. "I would like to see you about the matter," he wrote. The name of a Mr. Hill was mentioned in the letter.

"Did you consult Boss Platt about the appointment of Mr. Hill as a state senator?" asked the cross-examiner. "What?" replied the colonel. "I didn't appoint any state senators."

"I mean," a district attorney of Erie county, "I consulted Senator Platt about all matters he wished to consult about and then did what I thought best. I don't know whether I consulted him about a district attorney for Erie county."

William L. Barnum relieved Mr. Evans as cross-examiner. A letter from Senator Platt to Col. Roosevelt was read. In it Senator Platt said he thought it was advisable to appoint Mr. Hill to be district attorney of Erie county. Col. Roosevelt testified that he appointed Mr. Hill but was not influenced by Mr. Platt's letter. In another letter written to Col. Roosevelt became governor of New York he mentioned the names of several men he thought might be appointed to investigate the canal frauds.

At a special session of the common council to be held this evening at 8 o'clock, citizens of Bridgeport will be given a chance to say whether or not they want some 12 or 14 miles of white pavement laid in their streets.

The Bank of France released 5,000,000 francs to the Bank of England for transfer to the Bank of New York to aid the steady exchange.

Khelli, the Egyptian merchant who attempted to assassinate Hussein Kamel, the Sultan of Egypt, at Cairo on April 5, was hanged at Cairo.

Dr. Richard P. Strong, professor of tropical diseases in the Harvard Medical school, arrived at Nish, Serbia, to fight the epidemic of typhus.

Our Query and Reply Department

Please state the dates on which the various thirteen original states ratified the constitution.

Delaware, Dec. 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, Dec. 12, 1787; New Jersey, Dec. 18, 1787; Georgia, Jan. 2, 1788; Connecticut, Jan. 9, 1788; Massachusetts, Feb. 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 25, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, Nov. 21, 1788; and Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

Will you kindly give me information as to whether the Panama canal can be used by the warships of belligerent nations?

Passage through the Panama canal is allowed to the warships of belligerent nations under certain conditions that provide against equipment or actual fighting in the neighborhood of the canal zone. President Wilson issued a special proclamation Nov. 13, 1914, stating the rules of the canal's neutrality in the present war. Vessels of belligerents must receive special permission to pass through the canal and must give a written promise that the rules will be obeyed.

Has the war in Europe affected foreign immigration to the United States? Its full effect is not yet known. The war began Aug. 4, 1914. During July, 1913, the immigrant arrivals from Europe were 141,728; during August, 123,101; during September, 140,251. In 1914 the arrivals in July were 62,869; Aug. 1 to 6, 12,367; Aug. 7 to 31, 25,579; during September, 28,515. The decline has been steady since September.

Please give a brief account of what is known as the Trent affair, in which Haysen and Sidel figured during the civil war.

In October, 1861, Captain Charles Wilkes, U. S. N., intercepted at sea the British mail steamer Trent, bound from Havana to St. Thomas, and took off two Confederate commissioners accredited to Europe, Messrs. Mason and Sidel, who were among her passengers. They were taken to Boston and imprisoned in Fort Warren, but were released Jan. 1, 1862, on the demand of the British government and permitted to proceed to Europe.

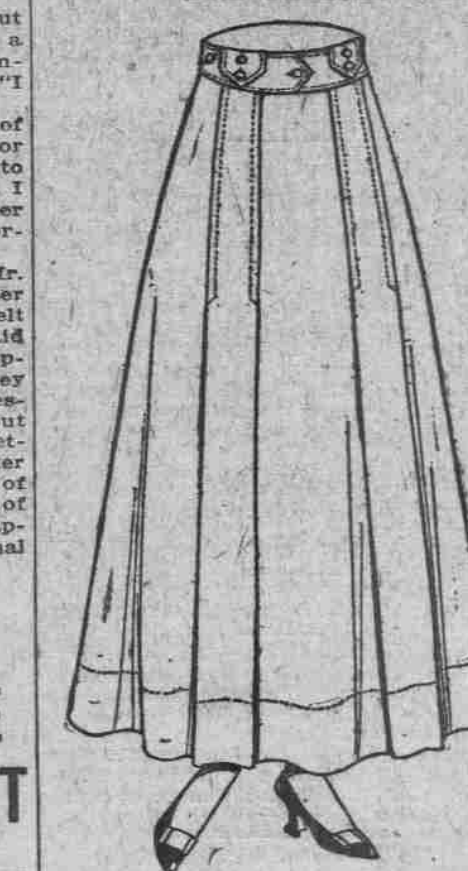
What is the so-called commission on industrial relations? What does it do?

The commission is composed of nine persons, not less than three of whom shall be employers of labor and not less than three of whom shall be representatives of organized labor. The law provides that the commission shall inquire into the general condition of labor in the principal industries of the United States, including agriculture, and especially in those which are carried on in corporate form; into existing relations between employers and employees; into the effect of industrial conditions on public welfare and into the rights and powers of the community to deal therewith; into the conditions of sanitation and safety of employees and the provisions for protecting the life, limb and health of the employees; into the growth of associations of employers and of wage earners and the effect of such associations upon the relations between employers and employees; into the extent and re-

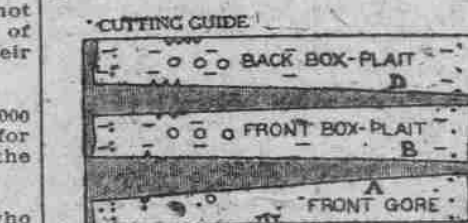
Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

BOX PLAINED SKIRT, WITH NOVEL BELT.



A modish four-piece skirt, with box-pleat on each side of front and back.



Pictorial Review Skirt as Valued, 15 cents

These Home Dressmaking articles are prepared especially for this newspaper from the very latest styles by The Pictorial Review.

suits of methods of collective bargaining; into any methods which have been tried in any state or in foreign countries for maintaining mutually satisfactory relations between employees and employers; into methods for avoiding or adjusting labor disputes through peaceful and conciliatory mediation and negotiations; into the scope, methods and resources of existing bureaus of labor and into possible ways of increasing their usefulness; into the question of smuggling or other illegal entry of Asiatics into the United States or its insular possessions, of the methods by which such Asiatics have gained and are gaining such admission and shall report to congress as speedily as possible with such recommendation as said commission may think proper to prevent such smuggling and illegal entry.

Which is the wealthier country in money matters, England or France? The latest estimate of the wealth of nations gives Great Britain and Ireland \$80,000,000,000 and France \$65,000,000,000.

What year and what season of the year was Napoleon Bonaparte's invasion of Russia?

It was in the fall and winter of 1812-13. He entered Moscow at noon on the 14th of September, 1812, and on the 16th the Russians set fire to the city in several hundred different places, and it was reduced to ashes. The hottest day in Moscow began Oct. 25, 1812. Cold weather began Nov. 8, the thermometer some days showing 23 degrees below zero.

Was Japan ever at war with France and England?

Japan was at war with England, France and Holland over the freedom of navigation in Shimonoseki strait in 1854.

What is the military establishment of Serbia?

Under the Serbian defense law army service is for twenty-four years—ten years in the first category, or active army; seven years in the second category, or reserve army, and seven years in the third category, or garrison army. The active army is the regular army, in which color service lasts for two years, followed by eight years in the reserve of the active army. This army has cadres (skeleton bodies) with a reasonably strong peace establishment like other regular armies.

The reserve army has virtually no peace establishment, although its cadres are organized. The garrison army likewise has no peace establishment and it is formed only in time of war.

Adding in certain reserve units not directly available as a portion of the field army, the active and reserve armies on a war footing consist altogether of 166 battalions, 47 squadrons and 122 horse, field, mountain and howitzer batteries, making up, with engineers, garrison artillery and departmental troops, a total of about 230,000 men.

Has the president of the United States power to pardon or relieve offenses committed against the laws of a state within a state, or is his power to reprieve and pardon limited to offenses against the federal law?

The constitution of the United States, article 2, section 2, clause 1, provides that the president shall have power to pardon "offenses against the United States except in cases of impeachment."

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HOWLAND'S
Entrances in Main Street, Fairfield Avenue, and Cannon Street.
Bridgeport, Conn.
Monday, April 26, 1915.

The Weather—Fair and warmer to night and Tuesday. Moderate winds.

"Different" coats for young folks—\$9.50.

Distinct novelty gives extra attraction to small lot of coats for young folks; a lot just arrived.

They are made from the short lengths of fine woolsens that one of our makers had on hand; thus there are hardly more than two of any pattern.

They are made with little individual touches of style that do not appear on coats made in large numbers.

Nearly all have rich collar of contrasting color. Smart buttons are used for decoration. Materials are of fine quality and of rich pattern.

Black-and-white checks, unusual plaids, quiet stripes of gray-and-white, subdued checks of gray-and-white, Belgian blue—such are the colors.

Tailoring is thorough; it makes each coat have an air of genuine smartness.

Sizes 14, 16 and 18, match up with the coats we've been selling through the season at \$12.50—
Second floor. \$9.50

Silk petticoats, novel and beautiful, \$5 to \$10.

Fluffy and ruffy and even lacy; beautiful silk petticoats are waiting.

They're unlike any we've seen in years and years. Some are delightfully old-timey with little pinked ruffles on a foundation of fine net. Some are finished with fine lace inserted in the ruffles!

Yes, novel and beautiful.

Pure white, and white with black stripes, and white with colored stripes, and rose pink, and blue, and—all the summery colors.

But the chiefest charm is the ruffled and frilled fullness that marks them—for they are as different as one can imagine from the close tailored silk skirts of only a season ago.

Some have much shirring; even in zigzag patterns! Made of taffeta silk of fine quality, soft but very firm of texture,—
Second floor. \$5 to \$10.

And now a new Double-Service suit.

Here it is; a novelty among Double-Service suits for boys.

Blue serge coat, one pair blue serge trousers, one pair white serge trousers.

Coat is Norfolk with fine-pleated back and patch pockets.

Each pair of trousers is lined.

The new member of the family is going to be a great summer favorite. \$6.

Front basement

HOWLAND DRY GOODS CO.

Double-Service suit. Here it is; a novelty among Double-Service suits for boys.

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